



- Notes : 1. Solve all **five** questions.  
2. Each question carries equal marks.

**UNIT – I**

1. a) Prove that Every PID is a UFD, but a UFD is not necessarily a PID. **8**
- b) Prove that an irreducible element in a commutative principal ideal domain (PID) is always prime. **8**

**OR**

- c) Prove that If  $f(x), g(x) \in R[x]$  then  $c(fg) = c(f)c(g)$ . In particular, the product of two primitive polynomial is primitive. **8**
- d) Prove that Every Euclidean domain is a PID. **8**

**UNIT – II**

2. a) Let  $f(x) \in Z[x]$  be primitive. Then prove that  $f(x)$  is reducible over  $Q$  if and only if  $f(x)$  is reducible over  $Z$ . **8**
- b) Let  $F \subseteq E \subseteq K$  be fields. If  $[K : E] < \infty$  and  $[E : F] < \infty$  **8**  
Then prove that  
i)  $[K : F] < \infty$   
ii)  $[K : F] = [K : E][E : F]$

**OR**

- c) Let  $f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + \dots + a_{n-1}x^{n-1} + x^n \in Z[x]$  be a monic polynomial. If  $f(x)$  has a root  $a \in Q$  then prove that  $a \in Z$  and  $a/a_0$ . **8**
- d) Let  $p(x)$  be an irreducible polynomial in  $F[x]$ . Then prove that There exist an extension  $E$  of  $F$  in which  $p(x)$  has a root. **8**

**UNIT – III**

3. a) Let  $K$  be a splitting field of the polynomial  $f(x) \in F[x]$  over a field  $F$ . If  $E$  is another splitting field of  $f(x)$  over  $F$ . Then prove that there exists an isomorphism  $\sigma : E \rightarrow K$  that is Identity on  $F$ . **8**

- b) Let  $F = \mathbb{Z}/(2)$ . The splitting field of  $x^3 + x^2 + 1 \in F[x]$  is a finite field with eight elements. 8

**OR**

- c) The splitting field of  $f(x) = x^4 - 2 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  is  $\mathbb{Q}(2^{1/4}, i)$  and its degree of extension is 8. 8
- d) If  $f(x) \in F[x]$  is irreducible over  $F$ . Then prove that roots of  $f(x)$  have the same multiplicity. 8

#### UNIT – IV

4. a) State and prove fundamental theorem of Galois theory. 8
- b) The Galois group of  $x^3 - 2 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  is the group of symmetries of the triangle. 8

**OR**

- c) The Galois group of  $x^4 - 1 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  is the Klein four group. 8
- d) State and prove fundamental theorem of Algebra. 8
5. a) Define 4
- i) Irreducible element.
- ii) Principal Ideal Domain.
- b) Find the minimal polynomials over  $\mathbb{Q}$  of the following numbers. 4
- i)  $\sqrt{2} + 5$
- ii)  $3\sqrt{2} + 5$
- c) Define 4
- i) Separable extension.
- ii) Simple extension.
- d) Define 4
- i) Galois group
- ii) Galois extension

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